Lessons Learned



Date: July 01, 2021

Region: Denver

Project: Larimer County Jail

Incident Title: Near Miss – Core Drilling with Embedment

<u>Summary</u>

A sub of Apollo was planning a core drill for a 6" domestic water hole in the 2nd floor mechanical room. A layout was followed, highlighting where to drill, and a GPR scan was performed. The GPR scan showed embedment's in the wall, however, drilling was still performed. Roughly 3" into the wall, a spark was seen by the driller and though the bit was instantly removed, conduit line had been penetrated, resulting in a loss of power to existing air handling units within the facility.

TYT

	What Went Right?	What Went Wrong?	
•	GPR scanning was completed to identify embedment's.	 Thou GRP scanning was completed, and embedment's were clearly shown, drilling still 	
•	No one was injured or electrocuted.	occurred.	
•	Incident was reported immediately to the supervisor.	 Decision to drill was based on assumption that object was safe to cut. 	
		 Protocol for what to do when GPR scans show unknown objects was not understood. 	

Lessons Learned

- When drilling into CMU wall, scanning needs to be completed and layouts must be adjusted depending on the scan results, based protocol established and understood by all involved.
- All embedment's seen on any scan need to be identified as something that can be safely cut.
- Even rebar, should not be cut, unless structural integrity is not compromised by doing so.
- Possible conduit or electrical must be positively ruled out before any drilling or cutting takes place.